

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claims 1-12 (Canceled).

Claim 13 (New): A process for the treatment of leather, comprising:

- (a) applying at least one cationic or amphoteric aqueous treatment composition to leather by roll coating and/or roll application and/or spray application and subsequently
- (b) treating the leather with an anionic leather treatment composition in a drum.

Claim 14 (New): The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the leather is dried between process step (a) and (b) and/or wherein the leather resulting from process step (b) is dried.

Claim 15 (New): A process for the treatment of leather, comprising:

- (a) applying at least one cationic or amphoteric aqueous treatment composition to leather by roll coating and/or roll application and/or spray application with simultaneous use of organic and/or inorganic pigments and/or anionic leather treatment compositions and
- (b) optionally drying the leather treated in this manner.

Claim 16 (New): The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the cationic or amphoteric aqueous treatment composition used in process step (a) is an epichlorohydrinamine polymer, the polymer having a weight average molar mass of from 1 • 10^2 to 2 • 10^5 g/mol.

Claim 17 (New): The process as claimed in claim 15, wherein the cationic or amphoteric aqueous treatment composition used in process step (a) is an epichlorohydrinamine polymer, the polymer having a weight average molar mass of from $1 \cdot 10^2$ to $2 \cdot 10^5$ g/mol.

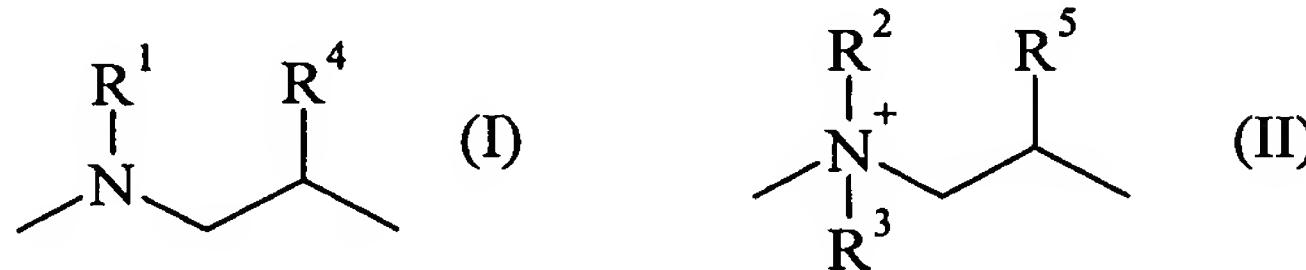
Claim 18 (New): The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the cationic or amphoteric aqueous treatment composition used in process step (a) comprises amine units and epichlorohydrin units, the ratio of amine units to epichlorohydrin units being from 0.8 : 1.2 to 1.2 : 0.8.

Claim 19 (New): The process as claimed in claim 15, wherein the cationic or amphoteric aqueous treatment composition used in process step (a) comprises amine units and epichlorohydrin units, the ratio of amine units to epichlorohydrin units being from 0.8 : 1.2 to 1.2 : 0.8.

Claim 20 (New): The process as claimed in claim 18, wherein the amine units comprise from 0.5 to 0.8 part of dimethylaminopropylamine and from 0.2 to 0.5 part of benzylamine.

Claim 21 (New): The process as claimed in claim 19, wherein the amine units comprise from 0.5 to 0.8 part of dimethylaminopropylamine and from 0.2 to 0.5 part of benzylamine.

Claim 22 (New): The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the treatment composition in process step (a) has at least two general structural units (I) and (II)



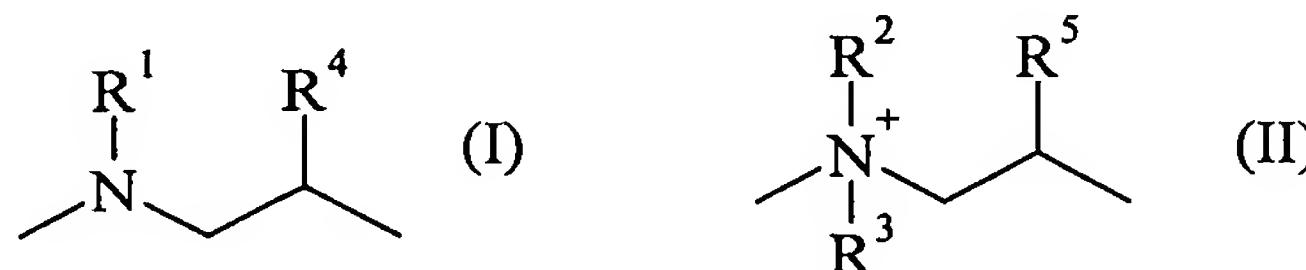
where R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ have the following meanings:

R¹ and R²: -(CH₂)₃N(CH₃)₂, -CH₂C₆H₅, -(CH₂)₂NH₂, -(CH₂)₂OH,
-(CH₂)₂NH(CH₂)₂NH₂

R³: H or alkyl,

R⁴ and R⁵: H or OH.

Claim 23 (New): The process as claimed in claim 15, wherein the treatment composition in process step (a) has at least two general structural units (I) and (II)



where R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ have the following meanings:

R¹ and R²: -(CH₂)₃N(CH₃)₂, -CH₂C₆H₅, -(CH₂)₂NH₂, -(CH₂)₂OH,
-(CH₂)₂NH(CH₂)₂NH₂

R³: H or alkyl,

R⁴ and R⁵: H or OH.

Claim 24 (New): The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the anionic treatment composition is at least one composition selected from the group consisting of dyes, fatliquoring agents and retanning agents.

Claim 25 (New): The process as claimed in claim 15, wherein the anionic treatment composition is at least one composition selected from the group consisting of dyes, fatliquoring agents and retanning agents.

Claim 26 (New): The process as claimed in claim 13, wherein the cationic or amphoteric aqueous treatment composition in process step (a) is applied only to the crust surface of the leather.

Claim 27 (New): The process as claimed in claim 15, wherein the cationic or amphoteric aqueous treatment composition in process step (a) is applied only to the crust surface of the leather.

Claim 28 (New): A process for fixing dyes, pigments or fats on a leather surface, for reducing the dye use in solid hues, for improving the fastness of pigment coats, for the production of spotted leather, for the production of fashion effects, for the production of two-color effects by subsequent drum dyeing or for achieving a higher fastness level, comprising:

- (a) applying at least one cationic or amphoteric aqueous treatment composition to leather by roll coating and/or roll application and/or spray application and subsequently
- (b) treating the leather with an anionic leather treatment composition in a drum.

Claim 29 (New): A process for fixing dyes, pigments or fats on a leather surface, for reducing the dye use in solid hues, for improving the fastness of pigment coats, for the production of spotted leather, for the production of fashion effects, for the production of two-color effects by subsequent drum dyeing or for achieving a higher fastness level, comprising:

- (a) applying at least one cationic or amphoteric aqueous treatment composition to leather by roll coating and/or roll application and/or spray application with simultaneous use of organic and/or inorganic pigments and/or anionic leather treatment compositions and
- (c) optionally drying the leather treated in this manner.